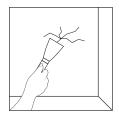
Tile Art

Detailed Instructions

Stage 1: Preparation



1 Preparing the application surface
The application surface must be stable,
fully dry, clean, level and free of dust, oil and
grease. Any unevenness can
be rectified using filler.

Note: The **d-c-wall**® Tile Art wall tiles are a purely decorative product and have no structural function. In wet areas and areas exposed to splashing water, the wall tiles may be used only on application surfaces that comply with the currently applicable building specifications regarding the impermeability of interior rooms.



2 Acclimatization

Before laying the wall tiles, store them for 48 hours at room temperature in the room in which they are to be used.



3 Determining the quantity of material Measure your wall to determine how much material is needed. Add on 10% to compensate for offcuts. To create a more attractive look, mix tiles from different

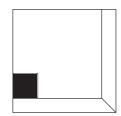
packets.

Stage 2: Laying the tiles



4 Applying the adhesive

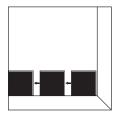
Apply a commercially available dispersion adhesive evenly and, if possible, so that it covers the entire rear side of the wall tiles.



5 Attaching the first tile

Begin laying tiles from the bottom left. Make sure that the tongue points upward and to the right. Use a spirit level to check that the wall tile is straight. Press the wall tile firmly onto the wall. Remove any spots of adhesive immediately with clear water.

Tip: Roll an unused paint roller over the wall tiles to press them firmly and evenly onto the wall.



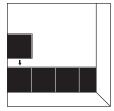
6 Laying the first row

Slide the next wall tile from right to left firmly into the tongue of the previous wall tile. Make sure that the wall tiles are flush with each other, both above and below.



Cutting the tiles at the edge

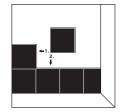
Cut the wall tiles at the edge with a cutter knife or a hacksaw. Carve a scratch along the edge of the bottom side of the wall tile using a ruler two or three times and then break the tile at the edge.



8 Laying the first tile of the next row

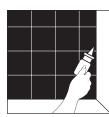
Begin again on the left. Slide the wall tile downward firmly into the tongue of the wall tile below.

Note: If a cross-joint is desired, you must ensure that the wall tiles are flush with each other



9 Laying the next row

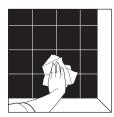
Slide the wall tile from right to left firmly into the tongue of the previous tile. Then slide the wall tile downward firmly into the tongue of the wall tile below.



End trim

For a clean end trim, detach the tongue profile with a cutter knife or hacksaw. Alternatively, you can use commercially available end profiles. These should be 0.6 cm high. In wet rooms, seal the edges with silicon suitable for PVC and then aerate the room thoroughly. No grout is required.

Stage 3: Cleaning





Clean the wall tiles with water and a mild cleaning agent. More detailed cleaning information can be found in the separate care instructions.

Note: Suitable for use indoors. Do not install near gas ranges with an open flame. When installing the wall tiles on a wall near fireplaces or tiled stoves, maintain a distance of at least 80 cm.

Cleaning Instructions

The wall tiles can be cleaned with a damp, soft and non-abrasive cloth. If necessary, a mild household detergent (cleaning agent) can be added to the cleaning water.

Heavier soiling (e.g. coffee or red wine) should be washed off with water as quickly as possible, possibly with commercially available nonabrasive household detergents. Spots should not be left to dry on the surface.

Stubborn residue - particularly splashes of grease – can be brushed off with a 30%, warm soft soap solution with the help of a soft washing-up or hand brush.

Spots on the surface due to limescale can be dealt with by adding commercially available bathroom cleaners, limescale removers or descaling agents.

You must also ensure that these cleaning agents are not left to dry for too long and are washed off after the recommended application time

with clear water. Tried-and-tested household detergents such as vinegar essence must not be used neat/undiluted. We recommend a dilution of one part vinegar essence to ten parts water.

When using commercially available household detergents, do not use heavily colored cleaning agents in undiluted or concentrated form because these dyes can also leave a residue. Steam jets, high-pressure cleaning agents, dirt eraser sponges, sharp-edged objects or abrasive materials such as steel wool are not suitable for cleaning the wall tiles. The tiles are also not resistant against organic solvents such as thinners, nail polish removers, plastic cleaners containing organic solvents such as acetone and/or acetates (acetic acid esters) or undiluted

Important:

Always use the concentrations recommended by the cleaning agent manufacturers. The compatibility of any plastic cleaners / special cleaners must always be tested first in a non-visible area!

The information we have given offers suggestions for possible usage. It was compiled on the basis of practical experience. We do not claim that it is complete or that results are guaranteed.









